

Package ‘ConsensusClusterPlus’

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Type Package

Imports Biobase, ALL, graphics, stats, utils, cluster

Title ConsensusClusterPlus

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Description algorithm for determining cluster count and membership by
stability evidence in unsupervised analysis

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biocViews Software, Clustering

NeedsCompilation no

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ConsensusClusterPlus	<i>run ConsensusClusterPlus</i>
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Description

ConsensusClusterPlus function for determining cluster number and class membership by stability evidence. calcICL function for calculating cluster-consensus and item-consensus.

Usage

```
ConsensusClusterPlus(  
d=NULL, maxK = 3, reps=10, pItem=0.8, pFeature=1, clusterAlg="hc", title="untitled_consensus_clust",  
innerLinkage="average", finalLinkage="average", distance="pearson", m1=NULL,  
tmyPal=NULL, seed=NULL, plot=NULL, writeTable=FALSE, weightsItem=NULL, weightsFeature=NULL, verbose=F,  
  
calcICL(res, title="untitled_consensus_cluster", plot=NULL, writeTable=FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>d</code>	data to be clustered; either a data matrix where columns=items/samples and rows are features. For example, a gene expression matrix of genes in rows and microarrays in columns, or ExpressionSet object, or a distance object (only for cases of no feature resampling)
<code>maxK</code>	integer value. maximum cluster number to evaluate.
<code>reps</code>	integer value. number of subsamples.
<code>pItem</code>	numerical value. proportion of items to sample.
<code>pFeature</code>	numerical value. proportion of features to sample.
<code>clusterAlg</code>	character value. cluster algorithm. 'hc' heirarchical (hclust), 'pam' for partitioning around medoids, 'km' for k-means upon data matrix, 'kmdist' for k-means upon distance matrices (former km option), or a function that returns a clustering. See example and vignette for more details.
<code>title</code>	character value for output directory. Directory is created only if plot is not NULL or writeTable is TRUE. This title can be an absolute or relative path.
<code>innerLinkage</code>	heirarchical linkage method for subsampling.
<code>finalLinkage</code>	heirarchical linkage method for consensus matrix.
<code>distance</code>	character value. 'pearson': (1 - Pearson correlation), 'spearman' (1 - Spearman correlation), 'euclidean', 'binary', 'maximum', 'canberra', 'minkowski' or custom distance function.
<code>m1</code>	optional. prior result, if supplied then only do graphics and tables.
<code>tmyPal</code>	optional character vector of colors for consensus matrix
<code>seed</code>	optional numerical value. sets random seed for reproducible results.
<code>plot</code>	character value. NULL - print to screen, 'pdf', 'png', 'pngBMP' for bitmap png, helpful for large datasets.
<code>writeTable</code>	logical value. TRUE - write output and log to csv.
<code>weightsItem</code>	optional numerical vector. weights to be used for sampling items.
<code>weightsFeature</code>	optional numerical vector. weights to be used for sampling features.
<code>res</code>	result of consensusClusterPlus.
<code>verbose</code>	boolean. If TRUE, print messages to the screen to indicate progress. This is useful for large datasets.
<code>corUse</code>	optional character value. specifies how to handle missing data in correlation distances 'everything', 'pairwise.complete.obs', 'complete.obs' see cor() for description.

Details

ConsensusClusterPlus implements the Consensus Clustering algorithm of Monti, et al (2003) and extends this method with new functionality and visualizations. Its utility is to provide quantitative stability evidence for determining a cluster count and cluster membership in an unsupervised analysis.

ConsensusClusterPlus takes a numerical data matrix of items as columns and rows as features. This function subsamples this matrix according to `pItem`, `pFeature`, `weightsItem`, and `weightsFeature`, and clusters the data into 2 to `maxK` clusters by `clusterArg` clusteringAlgorithm. Agglomerative heirarchical (hclust) and kmeans clustering are supported by an option see above. For users wishing to use a different clustering algorithm for which many are available in R, one can supply their own clustering algorithm as a simple programming hook - see the second commented-out example that uses divisive heirarchical clustering.

For a detailed description of usage, output and images, see the vignette by: `openVignette()`.

Value

ConsensusClusterPlus returns a list of length maxK. Each element is a list containing consensus-Matrix (numerical matrix), consensusTree (hclust), consensusClass (consensus class assignments). ConsensusClusterPlus also produces images.

calcICL returns a list of two elements clusterConsensus and itemConsensus corresponding to cluster-consensus and item-consensus. See Monti, et al (2003) for formulas.

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References

Monti, S., Tamayo, P., Mesirov, J., Golub, T. (2003) Consensus Clustering: A Resampling-Based Method for Class Discovery and Visualization of Gene Expression Microarray Data. Machine Learning, 52, 91-118.

Examples

```
# obtain gene expression data
library(Biobase)
data(geneData)
d=geneData
#median center genes
dc = sweep(d,1, apply(d,1,median))

# run consensus cluster, with standard options
rcc = ConsensusClusterPlus(dc,maxK=4, reps=100, pItem=0.8, pFeature=1, title="example", distance="pearson", clusterAlg="ward.D2", plot=TRUE)

# same as above but with pre-computed distance matrix, useful for large datasets (>1,000's of items)
dt = as.dist(1-cor(dc,method="pearson"))
rcc2 = ConsensusClusterPlus(dt,maxK=4, reps=100, pItem=0.8, pFeature=1, title="example2", distance="pearson", clusterAlg="ward.D2", plot=TRUE)

# k-means clustering
rcc3 = ConsensusClusterPlus(d,maxK=4, reps=100, pItem=0.8, pFeature=1, title="example3", distance="euclidean", clusterAlg="kmeans", plot=TRUE)

### partition around medoids clustering with manhattan distance
rcc4 = ConsensusClusterPlus(d,maxK=4, reps=100, pItem=0.8, pFeature=1, title="example3", distance="manhattan", clusterAlg="medoids", plot=TRUE)

## example of custom distance function as hook:
myDistFunc = function(x){ dist(x,method="manhattan")}
rcc5 = ConsensusClusterPlus(d,maxK=4, reps=100, pItem=0.8, pFeature=1, title="example3", distance="myDistFunc", clusterAlg="ward.D2", plot=TRUE)

##example of clusterAlg as hook:
#library(cluster)
#dianaHook = function(this_dist,k){
# tmp = diana(this_dist,diss=TRUE)
# assignment = cutree(tmp,k)
# return(assignment)
#}
#rcc6 = ConsensusClusterPlus(d,maxK=6, reps=25, pItem=0.8, pFeature=1, title="example", clusterAlg="dianaHook", plot=TRUE)
```

```
## ICL  
resICL = calcICL(rcc,title="example")
```

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